114	TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION S.
ŗ	To improve Federal requirements relating to the development and use of electronic health records technology.
	IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
	and referred to the Committee on
	A BILL
То	improve Federal requirements relating to the development
	and use of electronic health records technology.
1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Improving Health In-
5	formation Technology Act".
6	SEC. 2. ASSISTING DOCTORS AND HOSPITALS IN IMPROV-

ING THE QUALITY OF CARE FOR PATIENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part 1 of subtitle A of title XIII

of the Health Information Technology for Economic and

Clinical Health Act (Public Law 111-5) is amended by
adding at the end the following:
"SEC. 13103. ASSISTING DOCTORS AND HOSPITALS IN IM-
PROVING THE QUALITY OF CARE FOR PA
TIENTS.
"(a) REDUCTION IN BURDENS GOAL.—The Sec-
retary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this
section as the 'Secretary'), in consultation with providers
of health services, health care suppliers of services, health
care payers, health professional societies, health informa-
tion technology developers, health care quality organiza-
tions, health care accreditation organizations, public
health entities, States, and other appropriate entities,
shall, in accordance with subsection (b)—
"(1) establish a goal with respect to the reduc-
tion of regulatory or administrative burdens (such as
documentation requirements) relating to the use of
electronic health records;
"(2) develop a strategy for meeting the goal es-
tablished under paragraph (1); and
"(3) develop recommendations for meeting the
goal established under paragraph (1).
"(b) Strategy and Recommendations.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—To achieve the goals estab-

1	suitation with the entities described in such sub-
2	section, shall, not later than 12 months after the
3	date of enactment of this section, develop a strategy
4	and recommendations to meet the goals in accord-
5	ance with this subsection.
6	"(2) STRATEGY.—The strategy developed under
7	paragraph (1) shall address the regulatory and ad-
8	ministration burdens (such as documentation re-
9	quirements) relating to the use of electronic health
10	records. Such strategy shall include broad public
11	comment and shall prioritize burdens related to—
12	"(A) the Medicare and Medicaid EHR
13	Meaningful Use Incentive programs or the
14	Merit-based Incentive Payment System, the Al-
15	ternative Payment Models, the Hospital Value-
16	Based Purchasing Program, and other value-
17	based payment programs determined appro-
18	priate by the Secretary;
19	"(B) health information technology certifi-
20	cation programs;
21	"(C) standards, and implementation speci-
22	fications, as appropriate;
23	"(D) activities that provide individuals ac-
24	cess to their electronic health information;

1	"(E) activities related to protecting the
2	privacy of electronic health information;
3	"(F) activities related to protecting the se-
4	curity of electronic health information;
5	"(G) activities related to facilitating health
6	and clinical research;
7	"(H) activities related to public health;
8	"(I) activities related to aligning and sim-
9	plifying quality measures across Federal pro-
10	grams and other payers;
11	"(J) activities related to reporting clinical
12	data for administrative purposes; and
13	"(K) other areas determined appropriate
14	by the Secretary;
15	"(3) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The recommenda-
16	tions developed under paragraph (1) shall address—
17	"(A) actions that improve the clinical doc-
18	umentation experience;
19	"(B) actions that improve patient care;
20	"(C) actions to be taken by the Secretary
21	and by other entities; and
22	"(D) other areas determined appropriate
23	by the Secretary to reduce the reporting burden
24	required of health care providers.

1	"(4) FACA.—The Federal Advisory Committee
2	Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the develop-
3	ment of the goal, strategies, or recommendations de-
4	scribed in this section.
5	"(c) Application of Certain Regulatory Re-
6	QUIREMENTS.—A physician (as defined in section
7	1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act) may delegate elec-
8	tronic medical record documentation requirements speci-
9	fied in regulations promulgated by the Department of
10	Health and Human Service to a person who is not such
11	physician if such physician has signed and verified the
12	documentation.".
13	(b) CERTIFICATION OF HEALTH INFORMATION
14	TECHNOLOGY FOR MEDICAL SPECIALTIES AND SITES OF
15	Service.—Section $3001(c)(5)$ of the Public Health Serv-
16	ice Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj–11(c)(5)) is amended by adding
17	at the end the following:
18	"(C) HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
19	FOR MEDICAL SPECIALTIES AND SITES OF
20	SERVICE.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The National Co-
22	ordinator shall encourage, keep, or recog-
23	nize, through existing authorities, the vol-
24	untary certification of health information
25	technology under the program developed

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1	under subparagraph (A) for use in medica
2	specialties and sites of service for which no
3	such technology is available or where more
4	technological advancement or integration is
5	needed.
6	"(ii) Specific medical special
7	TIES.—The HIT Policy and Standards
8	Committees shall make recommendations
9	on specific medical specialties and sites of
10	service, in addition to those described in
11	clause (iii), applicable under this para-
12	$\operatorname{graph}$ .
13	"(iii) Certified health informa-
14	TION TECHNOLOGY FOR PEDIATRICS.—Not
15	later than 18 months after the date of en-
16	actment of this subparagraph, the HIT
17	Policy and Standards Committees, in con-
18	sultation with relevant stakeholders, shall
19	make recommendations for the voluntary
20	certification of health information tech-
21	nology for use by pediatric health providers
22	to support the health care of children. Not
23	later than 24 months after the date of en-
24	actment of this subparagraph, the Sec-

retary shall adopt certification criteria

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1	(under section 3004) to support the vol-
2	untary certification of health information
3	technology for use by pediatric health pro-
4	viders to support the health care of chil-
5	dren.".

## (c) MEANINGFUL USE STATISTICS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to the HIT Policy Committee of the Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology, a report concerning attestation statistics for the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Meaningful Use Incentive programs to assist in informing standards adoption and related practices. Such statistics shall include attestation information delineated by State, including the number of providers who did not meet the minimum criteria necessary to attest for the Medicare and Medicaid EHR Meaningful Use Incentive programs for a calendar year, and shall be made publicly available on the Internet website of the Secretary on at least a quarterly basis.

(2) AUTHORITY TO ALTER FORMAT.—The Secretary of Health and Human Service may alter the format of the reports on the attestation of eligible

1	health care professionals following the first perform-
2	ance year of the Merit-based Incentive Payment Sys-
3	tem to account for changes arising from the imple-
4	mentation of such payment system.
5	SEC. 3. TRANSPARENT RATINGS ON USABILITY AND SECU-
6	RITY TO TRANSFORM INFORMATION TECH-
7	NOLOGY.
8	(a) Enhancements to Certification.—Section
9	3001(c)(5) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
10	300jj-11), as amended by section 2(b), is further amend-
11	$\operatorname{ed}$ —
12	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
13	(A) by striking "The National Coordi-
14	nator" and inserting the following:
15	"(i) Voluntary certification pro-
16	GRAM.—The National Coordinator"; and
17	(B) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(ii) Transparency of program.—
19	"(I) IN GENERAL.—To enhance
20	transparency in the compliance of
21	health information technology with
22	certification criteria and other re-
23	quirements adopted under this sub-
24	title, the National Coordinator, in co-
25	ordination with authorized certifi-

1	cation bodies, may make information
2	demonstrating how health information
3	technology meets such certification
4	criteria or other requirements publicly
5	available. Such information may in-
6	clude summaries, screenshots, video
7	demonstrations, or any other informa-
8	tion the National Coordinator deter-
9	mines appropriate.
10	"(II) PROTECTION OF PROPRI-
11	ETARY INFORMATION.—The National
12	Coordinator shall take appropriate
13	measures to ensure that there are in
14	effect effective procedures to prevent
15	the unauthorized disclosure of any
16	trade secret or confidential informa-
17	tion that is obtained by the Secretary
18	pursuant to this section.";
19	(2) in subparagraph (B), by adding at the end
20	the following: "Beginning 18 months after reporting
21	criteria are finalized under section 3009A, certifi-
22	cation criteria shall include, in addition to criteria to
23	establish that the technology meets such standards
24	and implementation specifications, criteria consistent
25	with section 3009A(b) to establish that technology

1	meets applicable security requirements, incorporates
2	user-centered design, and achieves interoperability.";
3	and
4	(3) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(D) CONDITIONS OF CERTIFICATION.—
6	Beginning 1 year after the date of enactment of
7	the Improving Health Information Technology
8	Act, the Secretary shall require, as a condition
9	of certification and maintenance of certification
10	for programs maintained or recognized under
11	this paragraph, that—
12	"(i) the health information technology
13	developer or entity does not take any ac-
14	tion that constitutes information blocking
15	with respect to health information tech-
16	nology;
17	"(ii) the health information tech-
18	nology developer or entity permits
19	unimpeded communication among and be-
20	tween health information technology users,
21	and for the purposes of health information
22	technology users communicating with an
23	authorized certification body, the Office of
24	the National Coordinator, and the Office of
25	the Inspector General, the health informa-

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1	tion technology developer or entity permits
2	unimpeded communication regarding the
3	usability, interoperability, security, busi-
4	ness practices, or other relevant informa-
5	tion about the health information tech-
6	nology or users' experience with the health
7	information technology;
8	"(iii) health information from such
9	technology may be exchanged, accessed,
10	and used through the use of application
11	programming interfaces or successor tech-
12	nology or standard as provided for under
13	applicable law;
14	"(iv) the health information tech-
15	nology developer or entity provides to the
16	Secretary an attestation that the developer
17	or entity—
18	"(I) has not engaged in any of
19	the conduct described in clause (i);
20	"(II) allows for communication
21	as described in clause (ii); and
22	"(III) ensures that its technology
23	allows for health information to be ex-
24	changed, accessed, and used, in the
25	manner described in clause (iii); and

1	"(v) the health information technology
2	developer or entity submits reporting cri-
3	teria in accordance with section
4	3009A(f).".
5	(b) HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RATING
6	PROGRAM.—Subtitle A of title XXX of the Public Health
7	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj–11 et seq.) is amended by
8	adding at the end the following:
9	"SEC. 3009A. HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RATING
10	PROGRAM.
11	"(a) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days
12	after the date of enactment of the Improving Health Infor-
13	mation Technology Act, the Secretary shall recognize a de-
14	velopment council made up of one representative from
15	each of the certification bodies authorized by the Office
16	of the National Coordinator and the testing laboratories
17	accredited under section 13201(b) of the Health Informa-
18	tion Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (42
19	U.S.C. 17911(b)), one representative from the National
20	Institute of Standards and Technology, and one represent-
21	ative from the Office of the National Coordinator. The de-
22	velopment council shall meet as needed for the purposes
23	of carrying out its activities in accordance with this sec-
24	tion.
25	"(b) Reporting Criteria.—

T	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary snan, using
2	the procedures prescribed in this subsection, issue
3	rules establishing reporting criteria for health infor-
4	mation technology products.
5	"(2) Convening of stakeholders.—Not
6	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the
7	Improving Health Information Technology Act, the
8	Secretary, in consultation with the development
9	council described in subsection (a), shall convene
10	stakeholders as described in paragraph (3) for the
11	purpose of developing the reporting criteria in ac-
12	cordance with paragraph (4).
13	"(3) DEVELOPMENT OF REPORTING CRI-
14	TERIA.—The reporting criteria under this subsection
15	shall be developed through a public, transparent
16	process that reflects input from relevant stake-
17	holders, including—
18	"(A) health care providers, including pri-
19	mary care and specialty care health care profes-
20	sionals;
21	"(B) hospitals and hospital systems;
22	"(C) health information technology devel-
23	opers;
24	"(D) patients, consumers, and their advo-
25	cates;

1	"(E) data sharing networks, such as health
2	information exchanges;
3	"(F) authorized certification bodies and
4	testing laboratories;
5	"(G) security experts;
6	"(H) relevant manufacturers of medical
7	devices;
8	"(I) experts in health information tech-
9	nology market economics;
10	"(J) public and private entities engaged in
11	the evaluation of health information technology
12	performance;
13	"(K) quality organizations, including the
14	consensus based entity described in section
15	1890 of the Social Security Act;
16	"(L) experts in human factors engineering
17	and the measurement of user-centered design;
18	and
19	"(M) other entities or persons, as the Sec-
20	retary, in consultation with the development
21	council, determines appropriate.
22	"(4) Considerations for reporting cri-
23	TERIA.—The reporting criteria developed under this
24	subsection—

1	"(A) shall include measures that reflect
2	categories including, with respect to the tech-
3	nology—
4	"(i) security;
5	"(ii) usability and user-centered de-
6	sign;
7	"(iii) interoperability;
8	"(iv) conformance to certification test-
9	ing; and
10	"(v) other categories as appropriate to
11	measure the performance of health infor-
12	mation technology;
13	"(B) may include measures such as—
14	"(i) enabling the user to order and
15	view the results of laboratory tests, imag-
16	ing tests, and other diagnostic tests;
17	"(ii) submitting, editing, and retriev-
18	ing data from registries such as clinician-
19	led clinical data registries;
20	"(iii) accessing and exchanging infor-
21	mation and data from and through Health
22	Information Exchanges;
23	"(iv) accessing and exchanging infor-
24	mation and data from medical devices;

1	"(v) accessing and exchanging infor-
2	mation and data held by Federal, State,
3	and local agencies and other applicable en-
4	tities useful to a health care provider or
5	other applicable user in the furtherance of
6	patient care;
7	"(vi) accessing and exchanging infor-
8	mation from other health care providers or
9	applicable users;
10	"(vii) accessing and exchanging pa-
11	tient generated information;
12	"(viii) providing the patient or an au-
13	thorized designee with a complete copy of
14	their health information from an electronic
15	record in a computable format;
16	"(ix) providing accurate patient infor-
17	mation for the correct patient, including
18	exchanging such information, and avoiding
19	the duplication of patients records; and
20	"(x) other appropriate functionalities;
21	and
22	"(C) shall be designed to ensure that small
23	and start-up health information technology de-
24	velopers are not unduly disadvantaged by the
25	reporting criteria or rating scale methodology.

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"(c) FEEDBACK.—

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1	"(5) Consideration of Development coun-
2	CIL RECOMMENDATIONS.—In promulgating proposed
3	rules under this subsection, including modifications
4	to such rules under subsection (e), the Secretary
5	may accept, reject, or modify the recommendations
6	of the development council, but may not promulgate
7	a proposed rule that does not represent a complete
8	recommendation of such council.
9	"(6) Public comment.—In promulgating pro-
10	posed rules under this subsection, the Secretary
11	shall conduct a public comment period of not less
12	than 60 days during which any member of the public
13	may provide comments on the proposed reporting
14	criteria and the methodology for the rating body (de-
15	fined in subsection (g)) to use in determining the
16	star ratings.
17	"(7) Final rules.—The final rule promul-
18	gated under this subsection shall be accompanied by
19	timely responses to the public comments described in
20	paragraph (6).
21	"(8) FACA.—The Federal Advisory Committee
22	Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the develop-
23	ment council described in this section.

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consulta-
2	tion with the development council, shall establish a
3	process for the rating body (described in subsection
4	(g)) to collect and verify confidential feedback
5	from—
6	"(A) health care providers, patients, and
7	other users of certified health information tech-
8	nology on the usability, security, and interoper-
9	ability of health information technology prod-
10	ucts; and
11	"(B) developers of certified health informa-
12	tion technology on practices of health informa-
13	tion technology users that may inhibit inter-
14	operability.
15	"(2) Paperwork reduction act.—The Pa-
16	perwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.)
17	shall not apply to the collection of feedback de-
18	scribed in this subsection.
19	"(d) Methodology.—The Secretary, in consulta-
20	tion with the development council, shall develop a method-
21	ology to be used by the rating body described in subsection
22	(g) to calculate the star ratings for certified health infor-
23	mation technology described in subsection (a). The meth-
24	odology shall use the reporting criteria developed in sub-
25	section (b), and the confidential feedback collected under

1	subsection (c). In developing such methodology, the Sec
2	retary, in consultation with the development council
3	shall—
4	"(1) provide for appropriate weighting of user
5	feedback submitted under subsection (c) and report
6	ing criteria submitted under subsection (f), including
7	consideration of the number of users who submitted
8	such feedback;
9	"(2) consider the impact of customization or
10	adaptation by users of certified health information
11	technology on performance;
12	"(3) account for the intended function, scope,
13	and type of certified health information technology;
14	"(4) in consultation with the development coun-
15	cil and after seeking comment from developers of
16	health information technology in a manner that en-
17	sures appropriate industry feedback, establish a
18	timeframe, but in no case less frequent than once
19	every 3 years, for the submission of reporting cri-
20	teria under subsection (f); and
21	"(5) establish a timeframe for incorporating
22	user feedback submitted under subsection (c) and
23	reporting criteria submitted under subsection (f)
24	into the star ratings for certified health information
25	technology that accounts for updates to such tech-

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nology in order to encourage innovation and maximize the utility of the star ratings.

## "(e) Modifications.—

"(1) To the number of stars in the RatING PROGRAM.—The development council may modify the number of star ratings employed by the system, but not more frequently than every 4 years. In
no case shall the rating system employ fewer than
3 stars.

"(2) To the reporting criteria have been established under this section, the Secretary, in consultation with the development council, may convene stakeholders and conduct a public reporting period for the purpose of modifying the reporting criteria developed under subsection (b) and methodology for determining the star ratings proposed under subsection (e).

"(3) To the Methodology.—After the final methodology to be used by the rating body is established under subsection (e), the Secretary, in consultation with the development council, may modify the methodology used to calculate the star ratings for certified health information technology using the reporting criteria developed under subsection (b) and

1	the confidential feedback collected under subsection
2	(e).
3	"(4) Consideration of gao report.—The
4	Secretary and the development council shall take
5	into account the recommendations from the Comp-
6	troller General under subsection (k), where available,
7	for the purposes of this paragraph.
8	"(f) Participation.—As a condition of maintaining
9	their certification under section $3001(c)(5)(D)$ , a devel-
10	oper of certified health information technology shall report
11	on the criteria developed under subsection (b) for all such
12	certified technology offered by such developer pursuant to
13	the timeframe established under subsection (d).
14	"(g) Rating Body.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The National Coordinator
16	shall recognize an independent entity with appro-
17	priate expertise to carry out the rating program es-
18	tablished by the development council under sub-
19	section (a) and shall re-determine such recognition
20	at least every 4 years.
21	"(2) Consultation.—The entity recognized
22	under paragraph (1) may consult with organizations
23	with expertise in the measurement of interoper-
24	ability, usability, and security of health information

1	technology in carrying out activities under this sec-
2	tion.
3	"(h) ONE STAR RATING.—Each health information
4	technology developer, or entity offering health information
5	technology for certification, that receives a 1 star rating
6	shall take action, through an improvement plan developed
7	with the rating body and approved by the Secretary, to
8	improve the health information technology rating within
9	a timeframe that the Secretary determines appropriate.
10	"(i) DECERTIFICATION.—
11	"(1) MANDATORY.—The Secretary shall decer-
12	tify health information technology if the developer or
13	entity offering health information technology does
14	not submit reporting criteria in accordance with sub-
15	section (f) within 90 days of the timeline established
16	under subsection (d).
17	"(2) OTHER DECERTIFICATION.—The Secretary
18	may decertify health information technology if—
19	"(A) the health information technology
20	does not improve from a one star rating within
21	the timeframe established under subsection (h);
22	or
23	"(B) in other circumstances, as the Sec-
24	retary determines appropriate.

- 1 "(j) GAO REPORTS.—During the 12-year period be-
- 2 ginning on the date of enactment of the Improving Health
- 3 Information Technology Act, the Comptroller General of
- 4 the United States shall submit to Congress a report every
- 5 4 years on the rating scale methodology developed pursu-
- 6 ant to subsection (d), providing observations on the appro-
- 7 priateness of the current methodology and recommenda-
- 8 tions for changes to the methodology. The Development
- 9 Council shall recommend to Congress and the Secretary
- 10 if additional reports are needed after the expiration of
- 11 such 12-year period.
- 12 "(k) Internet Website.—On the Internet website
- 13 of the Office of the National Coordinator, the Secretary
- 14 shall publish the criteria and methodology used to deter-
- 15 mine the star ratings, and, for each certified health infor-
- 16 mation technology, the final star rating, and a report out-
- 17 lining such technology's performance with regard to the
- 18 reporting criteria developed under subsection (b), and if
- 19 an improvement plan has been administered. Following
- 20 the reporting described in subsection (f), the rating body
- 21 shall have 30 days to calculate and submit updated ratings
- 22 to the Secretary and each developer of health information
- 23 technology, and updated ratings shall be published on such
- 24 Internet website not later than 30 days following such sub-
- 25 mission, notwithstanding an appeal of a rating by a devel-

- 1 oper or entity through the process developed under sub-
- 2 section (m).
- 3 "(1) Hardship Exemption.—Decertification of an
- 4 adopted health information technology product under sub-
- 5 section (i) shall be considered a significant hardship re-
- 6 sulting in a blanket exemption from the payment adjust-
- 7 ment pursuant to section 1848(a)(7)(B) of the Social Se-
- 8 curity Act for eligible professionals, section
- 9 1886(b)(3)(ix)(II) of such Act for eligible hospitals, and
- 10 1814(1)(4)(C) of such Act for critical access hospitals.
- 11 "(m) NOTIFICATION AND APPEALS.—The Secretary
- 12 shall establish a process whereby any health information
- 13 technology developer, or entity offering health information
- 14 technology, is notified not less than 30 days before being
- 15 made public and can appeal—
- 16 "(1) the health information technology prod-
- 17 uct's star rating; or
- 18 "(2) the Secretary's decision to decertify a
- 19 product, as applicable.".
- 20 SEC. 4. INFORMATION BLOCKING.
- 21 Subtitle C of title XXX of the Public Health Service
- 22 Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-51 et seq.) is amended by adding
- 23 at the end the following:
- 24 "SEC. 3022. INFORMATION BLOCKING.
- 25 "(a) Definition.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'information
2	blocking' means—
3	"(A) with respect to a health information
4	technology developer, exchange, or network,
5	business, technical, or organizational practices
6	that—
7	"(i) except as required by law or spec-
8	ified by the Secretary, interferes with, pre-
9	vents, or materially discourages access, ex-
10	change, or use of electronic health informa-
11	tion; and
12	"(ii) the developer, exchange, or net-
13	work knows, or should know, are likely to
14	interfere with or prevent or materially dis-
15	courage the access, exchange, or use of
16	electronic health information; and
17	"(B) with respect to a health care pro-
18	vider, the person or entity knowingly and un-
19	reasonably restricts electronic health informa-
20	tion exchange for patient care or other prior-
21	ities as determined appropriate by the Sec-
22	retary.
23	"(2) RULEMAKING.—The Secretary shall,
24	through rulemaking—

1	"(A) identify reasonable and necessary ac
2	tivities that do not constitute information block
3	ing for purposes of paragraph (1)(A); and
4	"(B) identify actions that meet the defini
5	tion of information blocking with respect to
6	health care providers for purposes of paragraph
7	(1)(B).
8	"(b) Inspector General Authority.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of
10	the Department of Health and Human Services may
11	investigate any claim that—
12	"(A) a health information technology de-
13	veloper of, or other entity offering certified
14	health information technology—
15	"(i) submits a false attestation made
16	under section $3001(c)(5)(D)$ ; or
17	"(ii) engaged in information blocking
18	with respect to the use of such health in-
19	formation technology by a health care pro-
20	vider, unless for a legitimate purpose speci-
21	fied by the Secretary;
22	"(B) a health care provider engaged in in-
23	formation blocking with respect to access or ex-
24	change of certified health information tech-

1	nology, unless for a legitimate purpose specified
2	by the Secretary; and
3	"(C) a health information network or ex-
4	change provider engaged in information block-
5	ing with respect to the access, exchange, or use
6	of such certified health information technology,
7	unless for a legitimate purpose specified by the
8	Secretary.
9	"(2) Jurisdiction of the inspector gen-
10	ERAL.—For purposes of this section, the Office of
11	the Inspector General shall have jurisdiction with re-
12	spect to exchanges and networks, as well as any de-
13	veloper or entity offering health information tech-
14	nology for certification under a program or pro-
15	grams kept or recognized by the National Coordi-
16	nator under section 3001(c)(5). The National Coor-
17	dinator shall notify developers of health information
18	technology as appropriate regarding the jurisdiction
19	of the Inspector General under this paragraph.
20	"(3) PENALTY.—
21	"(A) DEVELOPERS, NETWORKS, AND EX-
22	CHANGES.—With respect to a health informa-
23	tion technology developer, exchange, or network,
24	a person or entity determined by the Inspector
25	General to have committed information blocking

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1	as described in subparagraph (A) or (C) of
2	paragraph (1) shall be subject to a civil mone-
3	tary penalty in an amount determined, through
4	notice-and-comment rulemaking, by the Sec-
5	retary which may take into account factors such
6	as the extent and duration of the information
7	blocking and the number of patients and pro-
8	viders potentially affected.
9	"(B) Providers.—With respect to health
10	care providers, any person or entity determined
11	by the Inspector General to have committed in-
12	formation blocking as described in subpara-
13	graph (B) of paragraph (1) shall be subject to
14	appropriate incentives and disincentives using
15	authorities under applicable Federal law, as de-
16	termined appropriate by the Secretary through

notice and comment rulemaking.

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"(C) PROCEDURE.—The provisions of section 1128A of the Social Security Act (other than subsections (a) and (b)) shall apply to a civil money penalty applied under this subsection in the same manner as such provisions apply to a civil money penalty or proceeding under section 1128A(a).

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1	"(D) RECOVERY OF FUNDS.—Notwith-
2	standing section 3302 of title 31, United States
3	Code, or any other provision of law affecting
4	the crediting of collections, the Inspector Gen-
5	eral of the Department of Health and Human
6	Services may receive and retain for current use
7	any amounts recovered under subparagraphs
8	(A) and (C). In addition to amounts otherwise
9	available to the Inspector General, funds re-
10	ceived by the Inspector General under this
11	paragraph shall be deposited, as an offsetting
12	collection, to the credit of any appropriation
13	available for purposes of carrying out this sub-
14	section and shall be available without fiscal year
15	limitation and without further appropriation.
16	"(4) RESOLUTION OF CLAIMS.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Office of the In-
18	spector General, if such Office determines that
19	a simple consultation regarding the health pri-
20	vacy and security rules promulgated under sec-

tion 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability

and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C.

1320d-2 note) will resolve the claim at issue,

may refer instances of information blocking to

1	the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of
2	Health and Human Services for resolution.
3	"(B) LIMITATION ON LIABILITY.—If a
4	health information technology developer makes
5	information available based on a good faith reli-
6	ance on consultations with the Office for Civil
7	Rights of the Department of Health and
8	Human Services with respect to such informa-
9	tion, the developer shall not be liable for such
10	disclosure.
11	"(c) Identifying Barriers to Exchange of Cer-
12	TIFIED HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.—
13	"(1) Trusted exchange defined.—In this
14	section, the term 'trusted exchange' with respect to
15	certified health information technology means that
16	the certified health information technology has the
17	technical capability to enable secure health informa-
18	tion exchange between users and multiple certified
19	health information technology systems.
20	"(2) GUIDANCE.—The National Coordinator, in
21	consultation with the Office for Civil Rights of the
22	Department of Health and Human Services, shall
23	issue guidance on common legal, governance, and se-
24	curity barriers that prevent the trusted exchange of
)5	algetronic hasth information

1	"(3) Referral.—The National Coordinator
2	and the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of
3	Health and Human Services may refer to the In-
4	spector General instances or patterns of refusal to
5	exchange health information with an individual or
6	entity using certified health information technology
7	that is technically capable of trusted exchange and
8	under conditions when exchange is legally permis-
9	sible.
10	"(4) HIT STANDARDS COMMITTEE CONSIDER-
11	ATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of en-
12	actment of the Improving Health Information Tech-
13	nology Act, the HIT Standards Committee shall
14	begin consideration of issues related to trusted ex-
15	change.".
16	SEC. 5. INTEROPERABILITY.
17	(a) Definition.—Section 3000 of the Public Health
18	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj) is amended—
19	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (10) through
20	(14), as paragraphs (11) through (15), respectively;
21	and
22	(2) by inserting after paragraph (9) the fol-
23	lowing:
24	"(10) Interoperability.—The term inter-
25	operability' with respect to health information tech-

1	nology means such health information technology
2	that has the ability to securely exchange electronic
3	health information with and use electronic health in-
4	formation from other health information technology
5	without special effort on the part of the user.".
6	(b) Support for Interoperable Network Ex-
7	CHANGE.—Section 3001(c) of the Public Health Service
8	Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-11(e)) is amended by adding at the
9	end the following:
10	"(9) Support for interoperable net-
11	WORKS EXCHANGE.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The National Coordi-
13	nator shall, in collaboration with the National
14	Institute of Standards and Technology and
15	other relevant agencies within the Department
16	of Health and Human Services, for the purpose
17	of ensuring full network-to-network exchange of
18	health information, convene public-private and
19	public-public partnerships to build consensus
20	and develop a trusted exchange framework, in-
21	cluding a common agreement among health in-
22	formation networks nationally. Such convention
23	may occur at a frequency determined appro-
24	priate by the Secretary.

1	"(B) ESTABLISHING A TRUSTED EX-
2	CHANGE FRAMEWORK.—
3	"(i) In general.—Not later than six
4	months after the date of enactment of this
5	paragraph, the National Coordinator shall
6	convene appropriate public and private
7	stakeholders to develop a trusted exchange
8	framework for trust policies and practices
9	and for a common agreement for exchange
10	between health information networks. The
11	common agreement may include—
12	"(I) a common method for au-
13	thenticating trusted health informa-
14	tion network participants;
15	"(II) a common set of rules for
16	trusted exchange;
17	"(III) organizational and oper-
18	ational policies to enable the exchange
19	of health information among net-
20	works, including minimum conditions
21	for such exchange to occur; and
22	"(IV) a process for filing and ad-
23	judicating non-compliance with the
24	terms of the common agreement.

1	"(ii) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The
2	National Coordinator, in conjunction with
3	National Institute of Standards and Tech-
4	nology, shall provide technical assistance
5	on how to implement the trusted exchange
6	framework and common agreement under
7	this paragraph.
8	"(iii) PILOT TESTING.—The National
9	Coordinator, in collaboration with the Na-
10	tional Institute of Standards and Tech-
11	nology, shall provide for the pilot testing of
12	the trusted exchange framework and com-
13	mon agreement established under this sub-
14	section (as authorized under section 13201
15	of the Health Information Technology for
16	Economic and Clinical Health Act). The
17	National Coordinator, in collaboration with
18	the National Institute of Standards and
19	Technology, may delegate pilot testing ac-
20	tivities under this clause to independent
21	entities with appropriate expertise.
22	"(C) PUBLICATION OF A TRUSTED EX-
23	CHANGE FRAMEWORK AND COMMON AGREE-
24	MENT.—Not later than one year after con-
25	vening stakeholders under subparagraph (A),

1	the National Coordinator shall publish on its
2	public Internet website, and in the Federal reg-
3	ister, the trusted exchange framework and com-
4	mon agreement developed under subparagraph
5	(B). Such trusted exchange framework and
6	common agreement shall be published in a man-
7	ner that protects proprietary and security infor-
8	mation, including trade secrets and any other
9	protected intellectual property.
10	"(D) DIRECTORY OF PARTICIPATING
11	HEALTH INFORMATION NETWORKS.—
12	"(i) In General.—Not later than
13	two years after convening stakeholders
14	under subparagraph (A), and annually
15	thereafter, the National Coordinator shall
16	publish on its public Internet website a list
17	of those health information networks that
18	have adopted the common agreement and
19	are capable of trusted exchange pursuant
20	to the common agreement developed under
21	paragraph (B).
22	"(ii) Process.—The Secretary shall,
23	through notice-and-comment rulemaking,
24	establish a process for health information
25	networks that voluntarily elect to adopt the

1	trusted exchange framework and common
2	agreement to attest to such adoption of the
3	framework and agreement.
4	"(E) APPLICATION OF THE TRUSTED EX-
5	CHANGE FRAMEWORK AND COMMON AGREE-
6	MENT.—As appropriate, Federal agencies con-
7	tracting or entering into agreements with health
8	information exchange networks may require
9	that as each such network upgrades health in-
10	formation technology or trust and operational
11	practices, it may adopt, where available, the
12	trusted exchange framework and common
13	agreement published under subparagraph (C).
14	"(F) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—
15	"(i) GENERAL ADOPTION.—Nothing
16	in this paragraph shall be construed to re-
17	quire a health information network to
18	adopt the trusted exchange framework or
19	common agreement.
20	"(ii) Adoption when exchange of
21	INFORMATION IS WITHIN NETWORK.—
22	Nothing in this paragraph shall be con-
23	strued to require a health information net-
24	work to adopt the trusted exchange frame-
25	work or common agreement for the ex-

1	change of electronic health information be
2	tween participants of the same network.
3	"(iii) Existing frameworks and
4	AGREEMENTS.—The trusted exchange
5	framework and common agreement pub-
6	lished under subparagraph (C) shall take
7	into account existing trusted exchange
8	frameworks and agreements used by health
9	information networks to avoid the disrup-
10	tion of existing exchanges between partici-
11	pants of health information networks.
12	"(iv) Application by federal
13	AGENCIES.—Notwithstanding clauses (i)
14	(ii), and (iii), Federal agencies may require
15	the adoption of the trusted exchange
16	framework and common agreement pub-
17	lished under subparagraph (C) for health
18	information exchanges contracting with or
19	entering into agreements pursuant to sub-
20	paragraph (E).
21	"(v) Consideration of ongoing
22	work.—In carrying out this paragraph,
23	the Secretary shall ensure the consider-
24	ation of activities carried out by public and
25	nminto organizations related to evchange

1	between health information exchanges to
2	avoid duplication of efforts."
3	(e) PROVIDER DIGITAL CONTACT INFORMATION
4	INDEX.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 36 months
6	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
7	retary of Health and Human Services shall either di-
8	rectly, or through a partnership with a private enti-
9	ty, establish a provider digital contact information
10	index to provide digital contact information for
11	health professionals, health facilities, and other indi-
12	viduals or organizations.
13	(2) Use of existing index.—In establishing
14	the initial index under paragraph (1), the Secretary
15	of Health and Human Services may utilize an exist-
16	ing provider directory to make such digital contact
17	information available.
18	(3) CONTACT INFORMATION.—An index estab-
19	lished under this subsection shall ensure that con-
20	tact information is available at the individual health
21	care provider level and at the health facility or prac-
22	tice level.
23	(4) Rule of construction.—
24	(A) In General.—The purpose of this
25	subsection is to encourage the exchange of elec-

1	tronic health information by providing the mos
2	useful, reliable, and comprehensive index of pro-
3	viders possible. In furthering such purpose, the
4	Secretary of Health and Human Service shall
5	include all health professionals, health facilities
6	and other individuals or organizations applica-
7	ble to provide a useful, reliable, and comprehen-
8	sive index for use in the exchange of health in-
9	formation.
10	(B) LIMITATION.—In no case shall exclu-
11	sion from the index of providers be used as a
12	measure to achieve objectives other those de-
13	scribed in subparagraph (A).
14	(d) Standards Development Organizations.—
15	Section 3004 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
16	300jj-14) is amended by adding at the end the following:
17	"(c) Deference to Standards Development
18	Organizations.—In adopting and implementing stand-
19	ards under this section, the Secretary shall give deference
20	to standards published by Standards Development Organi-
21	zations and voluntary consensus-based standards bodies.".
22	SEC. 6. LEVERAGING HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
23	TO IMPROVE PATIENT CARE.
24	(a) REQUIREMENT RELATING TO REGISTRIES.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—To be certified in accordance 2 with title XXX of the Public Health Service Act, 3 health information technology (as defined by section 4 3000(5) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 5 300jj(5))) shall be capable of transmitting to, and 6 where applicable, receiving and accepting data from 7 registries in accordance with standards recognized 8 by the Office of the National Coordinator for Health 9 Information Technology, including clinician-led clin-10 ical data registries, that are also certified to be tech-11 nically capable of receiving and accepting from, and 12 where applicable, transmitting data to certified 13 health information technology in accordance with 14 such standards. 15 (2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this 16 subsection shall be construed to require the certifi-17 cation of registries beyond the technical capability to 18 exchange data in accordance with applicable en-19 dorsed standards. 20 (b) Definition.—For purposes of this Act (including amendments made to title XXX of the Public Health 22 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj et seq.), the term "clinicianled clinical data registry" means a clinical data reposi-24 tory—

1	(1) that is established and operated by a clini-
2	cian-led or controlled, tax-exempt (pursuant to sec-
3	tion 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986),
4	professional society or other similar clinician-led or
5	-controlled organization, or such organization's con-
6	trolled affiliate, devoted to the care of a population
7	defined by a particular disease, condition, exposure
8	or therapy;
9	(2) that is designed to collect detailed, stand-
10	ardized data on an ongoing basis for medical proce-
11	dures, services, or therapies for particular diseases,
12	conditions, or exposures;
13	(3) that provides feedback to participants who
14	submit reports to the repository;
15	(4) that meets standards for data quality in-
16	cluding—
17	(A) systematically collecting clinical and
18	other health care data, using standardized data
19	elements and has procedures in place to verify
20	the completeness and validity of those data; and
21	(B) being subject to regular data checks or
22	audits to verify completeness and validity; and
23	(5) that provides ongoing participant training
24	and support.

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1 (c) Treatment of Health Information Tech-2 Nology Developers With Respect to Patient Safe-3 ty Organizations.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In applying part C of title IX of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 299b-21 et seq.), a health information technology developer shall be treated as a provider (as defined in section 921 of such Act) for purposes of reporting and conducting patient safety activities concerning improving clinical care through the use of health information technology that could result in improved patient safety, health care quality, or health care outcomes.

(2) Report.—Not later than 48 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pension of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, a report concerning best practices and current trends voluntarily provided, and without identifying individual providers or disclosing or using protected health information or individually identifiable information, by Patient Safety Organizations to improve

1	the integration of health information technology into
2	clinical practice.
3	SEC. 7. EMPOWERING PATIENTS AND IMPROVING PATIENT
4	ACCESS TO THEIR ELECTRONIC HEALTH IN-
5	FORMATION.
6	(a) Use of Health Information Exchanges for
7	PATTENT ACCESS.—Section 3009 of the Public Health
8	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj-19) is amended by adding
9	at the end the following:
10	"(c) Promoting Patient Access to Electronic
11	HEALTH INFORMATION THROUGH HEALTH INFORMA-
12	TION EXCHANGES.—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The National Coordinator,
14	in coordination with the Office for Civil Rights of
15	the Department of Health and Human Services,
16	shall use existing authorities to encourage partner-
17	ships between health information exchange organiza-
18	tions and networks and health care providers, health
19	plans, and other appropriate entities to offer pa-
20	tients access to their electronic health information in
21	a single, longitudinal format that is easy to under-
22	stand, secure, and may update such information
23	automatically.
24	"(2) Education of providers.—The Na-
25	tional Coordinator, in coordination with the Office

1	for Civil Rights of the Department of Health and
2	Human Services, shall—
3	"(A) educate health care providers on ways
4	in which to leverage the capabilities of health
5	information exchanges (or other relevant plat-
6	forms) to provide patients with access to their
7	electronic health information;
8	"(B) clarify misunderstandings by health
9	care providers about using health information
10	exchanges (or other relevant platforms) for pa-
11	tient access to electronic health information;
12	and
13	"(C) to the extent practicable, educate pro-
14	viders about health information exchanges (or
15	other relevant platforms) that employ some or
16	all of the capabilities described in paragraph
17	(1).
18	"(3) Requirements.—In carrying out para-
19	graph (1), the National Coordinator, in coordination
20	with the Office for Civil Rights, shall issue guidance
21	to health information exchanges related to best prac-
22	tices to ensure that the electronic health information
23	provided to patients is—
24	"(A) private and secure;
25	"(B) accurate;

1	"(C) verifiable; and
2	"(D) where a patient's authorization to ex-
3	change is required by law, easily exchanged
4	pursuant to such authorization.
5	"(4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
6	this subsection shall be construed to preempt State
7	laws applicable to patient consent for the access of
8	information through a Health Information Exchange
9	(or other relevant platforms) that provide protec-
10	tions to patients that are greater than the protec-
11	tions otherwise provided for under applicable Fed-
12	eral law.
13	"(d) Efforts to Promote Access to Health In-
14	FORMATION.—The National Coordinator and the Office
15	for Civil Rights of the Department of Health and Human
16	Services shall jointly, through the development of policies
17	that support dynamic technology solutions, promote pa-
18	tient access to health information in a manner that would
19	ensure that such information is available in a form conven-
20	ient for the patient, in a reasonable manner, and without
21	burdening the health care provider involved.
22	"(e) Accessibility of Patient Records.—
23	"(1) Accessibility and updating of infor-
24	MATION.—

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"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in con-1 2 sultation with the National Coordinator, shall 3 promote policies that ensure that a patient's 4 electronic health information is accessible to 5 that patient, and their designees, in a manner 6 that facilitates communication with the pa-7 tient's health care providers and such patient's consent, including with respect to research. 8

> "(B) UPDATING EDUCATION ON ACCESS-ING AND EXCHANGING PERSONAL HEALTH IN-FORMATION.—To promote awareness that an individual has a right of access to inspect, obtain a copy of, and transmit to a third party a copy of protected health information pursuant to the Health Information Portability and Accountability Act Privacy Rule (45 CFR 164.524 et seg.), the Director of the Office for Civil Rights, in consultation with the National Coordinator, shall assist individuals and health care providers in understanding a patient's rights to access and protect their personal health information under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–191), including providing best practices for requesting personal health information in a

1	computable format, including using patient por-
2	tals or third-party applications and commor
3	cases when a provider is permitted to exchange
4	and provide access to health information.
5	"(2) CERTIFYING USABILITY FOR PATIENTS.—
6	In carrying out certification programs under section
7	3001(c)(5), the National Coordinator shall require
8	where applicable, that such program or programs re-
9	quire the following:
10	"(A) That certification criteria support pa-
11	tient access to their electronic health informa-
12	tion, including in a single longitudinal format
13	that is easy to understand, secure, and may be
14	updated automatically.
15	"(B) That developers of health information
16	technology support patient access to an elec-
17	tronic health record in a longitudinal format
18	that is easy to understand, secure, and may be
19	updated automatically.
20	"(C) That certification criteria support pa-
21	tient access to their personal electronic health
22	information for research at the option of the
23	patient.

1	"(D) That certification criteria support pa
2	tient and health care provider communication
3	including—
4	"(i) the ability for the patient to elec-
5	tronically communicate patient reported in-
6	formation (such as family history and med-
7	ical history); and
8	"(ii) the ability for the patient to elec-
9	tronically share patient health information
10	at the option of the patient.
11	"(E) That certified health information
12	technology used for health programs where cer-
13	tified health information technology is required,
14	include the function for patient access to their
15	own health information, including—
16	"(i) ensuring that, as a condition of
17	certification, health care providers have op-
18	tions for making such information acces-
19	sible for patients;
20	"(ii) ensuring that patients have op-
21	tions for accessing such information; and
22	"(iii) ensuring that patients have ac-
23	cess to information regarding their legal
24	rights and responsibilities, as well the op-

1	tions available to them for accessing their
2	electronic health information.
3	"(F) That the HIT Standards Committee
4	develop and prioritize standards, implementa-
5	tion specifications, and certification criteria re-
6	quired to help support patient access to elec-
7	tronic health information, patient usability, and
8	support for technologies that offer patients ac-
9	cess to their electronic health information in a
10	single, longitudinal format that is easy to un-
11	derstand, secure, and may be updated auto-
12	matically.".
13	(b) Access to Information in an Electronic
14	FORMAT.—Section 13405(e) of the Health Information
15	Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (42
16	U.S.C. 17935) is amended—
17	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at the
18	end;
19	(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as para-
20	graph (3); and
21	(3) by inserting after paragraph (1), the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(2) if the individual makes a request to a busi-
24	ness associate for access to, or a copy of, protected
25	health information about the individual, or if an in-

1	dividual makes a request to a business associate to
2	grant such access to, or transmit such copy directly
3	to, a person or entity designated by the individual
4	a business associate may provide the individual with
5	such access or copy, which may be in an electronic
6	form, or grant or transmit such access or copy to
7	such person or entity designated by the individual
8	and".
9	SEC. 8. GAO STUDY ON PATIENT MATCHING.
10	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
12	of the United States shall conduct a study to review the
13	policies and activities of the Office of the National Coordi-
14	nator for Health Information Technology and other rel-
15	evant stakeholders to ensure appropriate patient matching
16	to protect patient privacy and security with respect to elec-
17	tronic health records and the exchange of electronic health
18	information.
19	(b) Areas of Concentration.—In conducting the
20	study under subsection (a), the Comptroller General
21	shall—
22	(1) evaluate current methods used in certified
23	electronic health records for patient matching based
24	on performance related to factors such as—
25	(A) the privacy of patient information;

1	(B) the security of patient information;
2	(C) improving matching rates;
3	(D) reducing matching errors; and
4	(E) reducing duplicate records; and
5	(2) determine whether the Office of the Na-
6	tional Coordinator for Health Information Tech-
7	nology could improve patient matching by taking
8	steps including—
9	(A) defining additional data elements to
10	assist in patient data matching;
11	(B) agreeing on a required minimum set of
12	elements that need to be collected and ex-
13	changed;
14	(C) requiring electronic health records to
15	have the ability to make certain fields required
16	and use specific standards; or
17	(D) other options recommended by the rel-
18	evant stakeholders consulted pursuant to sub-
9	section (a).
20	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date
21	of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall
22	submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report
23	concerning the findings of the study conducted under sub-
24	section (a).